

Sınaq		3	
Riyaziyyat			
1	C	11	C
2	C	12	D
3	A	13	D
4	E	14	B
5	B	15	C
6	E	16	C
7	E	17	B
8	B	18	D
9	E	19	B
10	E	20	A
		21	A
		22	B
		23	25
		24	6
		25	3
		26	162
		27	1A2C3E

I qrup

Sual 28.

Həlli:

$$\frac{4,4-2}{x-2} = \frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{0,6}{5} \cdot 100\% = 12\%$$

$$2x - 4 = 3 \cdot 2,4$$

$$2x = 7,2 + 4$$

$$x = 5,6$$

Sual 29.

Həlli:

$$\frac{12}{8} = \frac{15}{DC}$$

$$12 \cdot DC = 15 \cdot 8$$

$$DC = 10$$

$$l = \sqrt{12 \cdot 15 - 8 \cdot 10} = \sqrt{180 - 80} = 10$$

$$p = \frac{12+15+18}{2} = 22,5$$

$$l = \frac{2}{12+15} \cdot \sqrt{22,5 \cdot 12 \cdot 15 \cdot (22,5-18)} = \frac{2}{27} \cdot \sqrt{45 \cdot 3 \cdot 15 \cdot 9} = \frac{2}{27} \cdot 15 \cdot 9 = 10$$

Sual 30.

Həlli:

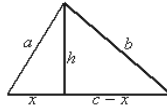
$$\begin{cases} h^2 = a^2 - x^2 \\ h^2 = b^2 - (c-x)^2 \end{cases}$$

$$a^2 - x^2 = b^2 - c^2 + 2cx - x^2$$

$$a^2 - b^2 + c^2 = 2cx$$

$$2cx = a^2 - b^2 + c^2$$

$$x = \frac{a^2 - b^2 + c^2}{2c}$$



II qrup

Sual 28.

Həlli:

$$48 = 2^4 \cdot 3; \quad 54 = 2 \cdot 3^3$$

$$\text{ƏKB}(48; 54) = 2^4 \cdot 3^3 = 432$$

$$432 : 6 + 432 : 9 = 72 + 48 = 120$$

Sual 29.

Həlli:

$$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{16}{14-x}$$

$$16x = 168 - 12x$$

$$28x = 168$$

$$x = 6; \quad 14 - 6 = 8$$

$$l = \sqrt{12 \cdot 16 - 6 \cdot 8} = \sqrt{192 - 48} = \sqrt{144} = 12$$

$$p = \frac{12+16+14}{2} = 21$$

$$l = \frac{2}{12+16} \cdot \sqrt{21 \cdot 12 \cdot 16 \cdot (21-14)} = \frac{2}{28} \cdot \sqrt{5 \cdot 7 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 16 \cdot 7} = \frac{1}{14} \cdot 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 = 12$$

Sual 30.

Həlli:

$$12+14+16 = 42$$

$$100-30 = 70$$

$$42 \cdot \frac{100}{70} = 60$$

$$(12+x) \cdot 2 = 60$$

$$x = 18$$