

Sınaq		11			
		Riyaziyyat			
1	C	11	C	21	A
2	D	12	E	22	E
3	E	13	B	23	5
4	C	14	B	24	50
5	D	15	E	25	2
6	A	16	A	26	6
7	A	17	D	27	1C2AD3E
8	A	18	E		
9	D	19	E		
10	D	20	D		

I qrup

28.

I üsul

$$180^\circ \cdot \frac{48-4}{90} = 88^\circ$$

$$x + x + 88^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$2x = 92^\circ; \quad x = 46^\circ$$

II üsul

$$\frac{\alpha - \beta}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{44}{90} = \frac{22}{45}$$

$$45\alpha - 45\beta = 22\alpha + 22\beta$$

$$23\alpha = 67\beta; \quad \alpha = 63k; \quad \beta = 23k$$

$$63k + 23k = 180^\circ$$

$$k = 2^\circ; \quad 23 \cdot 2^\circ = 46^\circ$$

29.

$$2(y+1) - 3y = -k$$

$$-y + 2 = -k$$

$$y = k + 2$$

$$x = k + 3$$

$$xy = (k+2)(k+3) =$$

$$= k^2 + 5k + 6 = (k+2,5)^2 - 0,25$$

$$k = -2,5$$

30.

$$\frac{1}{h^2} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{ab}{c}\right)^2} = \frac{c^2}{a^2b^2} = \frac{a^2+b^2}{a^2b^2} = \frac{a^2}{a^2b^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2b^2} = \frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{a^2}$$

II qrup

28.

$$450 \cdot \frac{60}{100} = 270$$

$$\frac{1}{12}k + \frac{1}{6}k + \frac{1}{4}k = 270$$

$$\frac{1+2+3}{12}k = 270$$

$$k = 270 \cdot 2 = 540$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cdot 540 = 135$$

29.

$$12k + 6k + 4k = 11$$

$$22k = 11$$

$$k = 0,5$$

$$540 \cdot \frac{1}{12} = 45; \quad 540 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = 90$$

$$12 \cdot 0,5 = 6; \quad 6 \cdot 0,5 = 3$$

$$(45 - 6x) \cdot 5 = 90 - 3x$$

$$225 - 30x = 90 - 3x$$

$$-27x = -135$$

$$x = 5$$

30.

$$\frac{5,2}{x} = \frac{78}{99}$$

$$x = \frac{5,2 \cdot 99}{78}$$

$$x = 6,6$$

$$\begin{cases} 10x + 20y = 1000 \\ 5,2x + 6,6y = 406 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 100 \\ 52x + 66y = 4060 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 52x + 104y = 5200 \\ 52x + 66y = 4060 \end{cases}$$

$$38y = 1140$$

$$y = 30$$